United States Court of Appeals

	For the Eighth Circuit	
	No. 14-3464	
	United States of America	
	Plaintiff - Appellee	
	V.	
	Patrick Tyrell Bailey	
	Defendant - Appellant	
	eal from United States District Court Vestern District of Missouri - Springfie	ld
	Submitted: March 25, 2015 Filed: March 30, 2015 [Unpublished]	
Before LOKEN, BOWMA	AN, and KELLY, Circuit Judges.	
PER CURIAM.		
	eals the 24-month prison sentence that supervised release for the second time	

¹The Honorable M. Douglas Harpool, United States District Judge for the Western District of Missouri.

argues that the sentence is unreasonable because the court failed to consider the length of the sentence imposed after the first revocation of his supervised release and because the sentence is above the advisory range calculated under the Sentencing Guidelines. He also asserts that the above-Guidelines-range sentence violated his due process rights because it was within the advisory range that would have resulted if he had committed a Grade A violation, but the District Court found insufficient evidence to support a Grade A violation and found only multiple Grade C violations.

We conclude that the sentence is neither procedurally nor substantively unreasonable. See United States v. Miller, 557 F.3d 910, 915–16 (8th Cir. 2009) (standard of review). The District Court calculated the correct advisory Guidelines range and imposed the maximum prison sentence allowed based on its consideration of relevant sentencing factors. See 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(3) (statutory maximum). The court did not err in weighing these factors and sufficiently explained its sentencing decision, including a comment on Bailey's repeated violations of his release conditions. See United States v. Eagle Thunder, 553 F.3d 605, 609 (8th Cir. 2009) (holding that a revocation sentence above the advisory range was not substantively unreasonable when the defendant repeatedly violated his supervised-release conditions); United States v. Larison, 432 F.3d 921, 924 (8th Cir. 2006) (affirming a statutory-maximum revocation sentence and noting that the court gave "excellent supporting reasons").

Accordingly, we affirm the judgment of the District Court. We also grant counsel's motion for leave to withdraw, subject to counsel informing appellant about procedures for seeking rehearing or filing a petition for certiorari.
